

Dynamic Core Binding (DCB) approach for load balancing in parallelization with MPI/OpenMP

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Background

- One of the critical issues in achieving good parallel performance is load imbalance.
 - Load balance has to be kept at both thread and process levels with MPI/OpenMP parallelization.
- A Dynamic Core Binding (DCB) approach mitigates process-level load imbalance at the thread-level.**

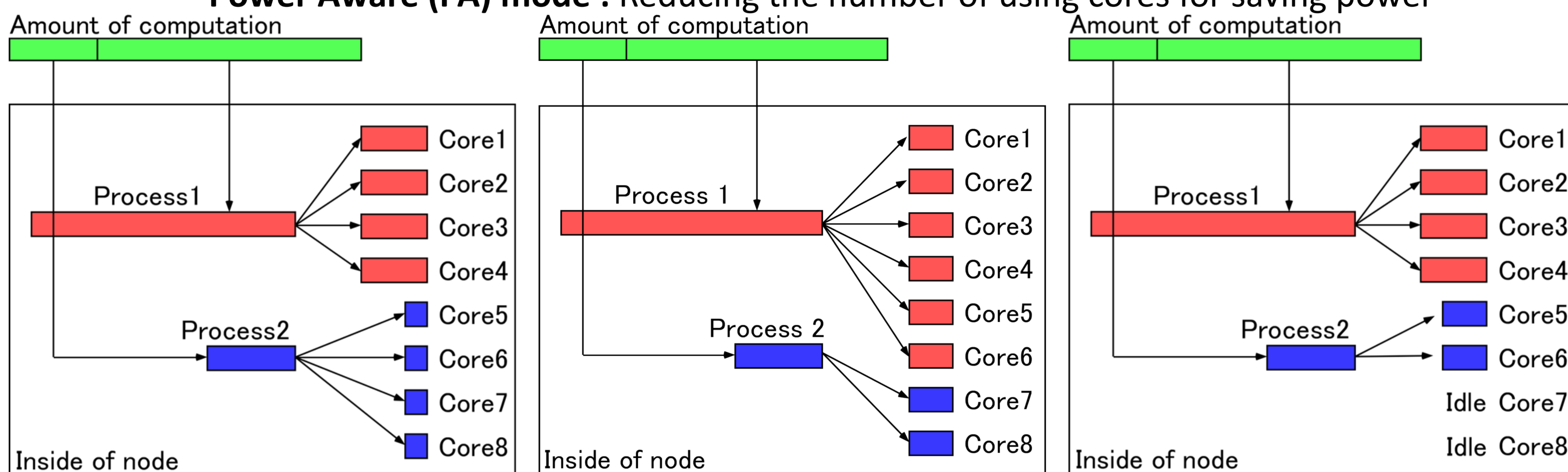
Dynamic Core Binding (DCB)*1

Idea of DCB : Changing the number of cores bound to each process based on loads of the processes

➔ **Load imbalance among the processes is balanced at the thread level.**

Preparing two modes based on different policies in the DCB approach

- **Reducing Computational-time (RC) mode** : Using all cores
- **Power Aware (PA) mode** : Reducing the number of using cores for saving power



General Environment

DCB (RC mode)

DCB (PA mode)

DCB only supports load balancing inside each node : we also consider load balancing among nodes.

Load balancing among the nodes is translated to a combinatorial optimization problem (COP)

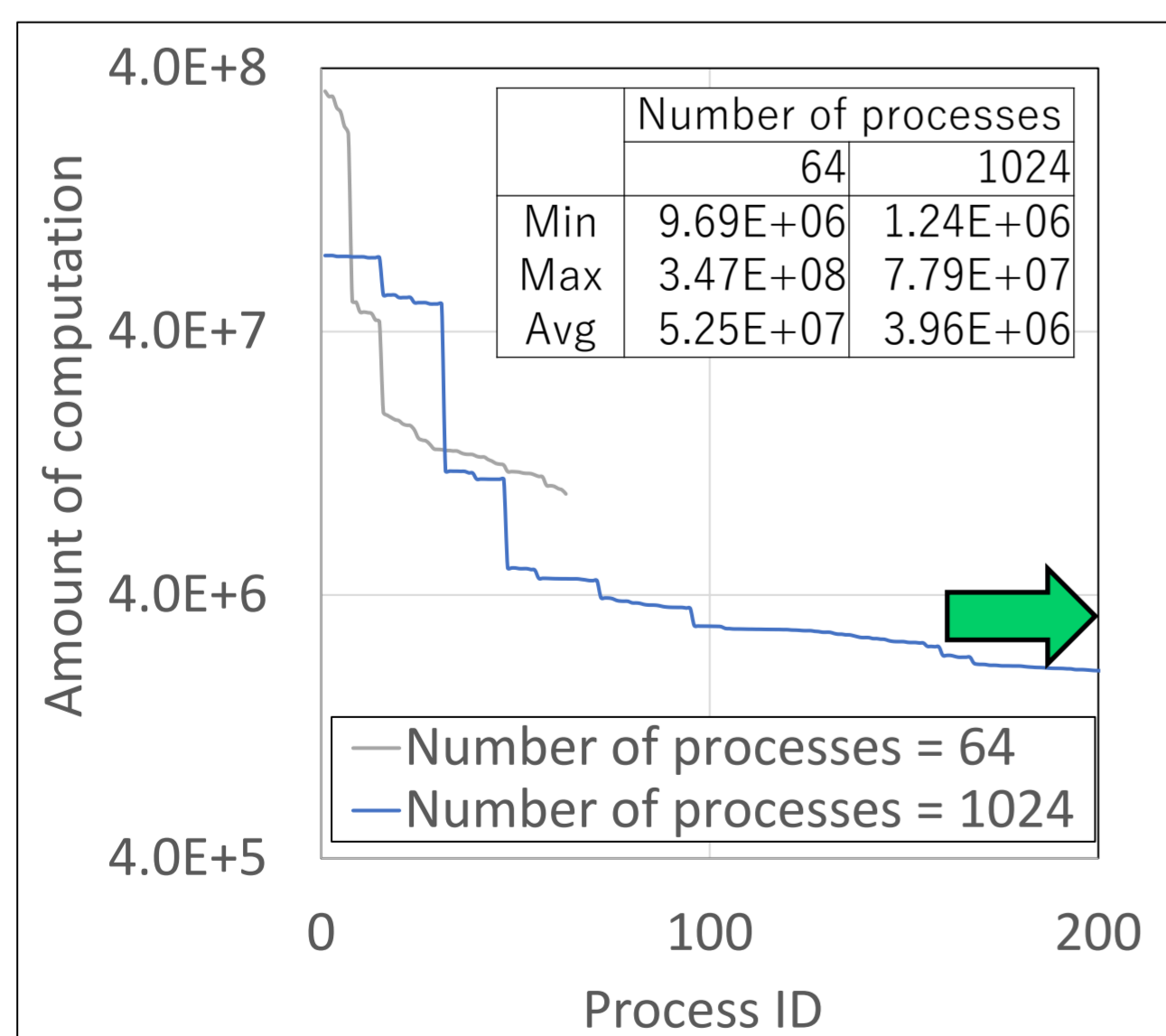
➔ Solving the COP by quantum annealing

Using an approximate solution from the quantum annealing for load balancing among the nodes.

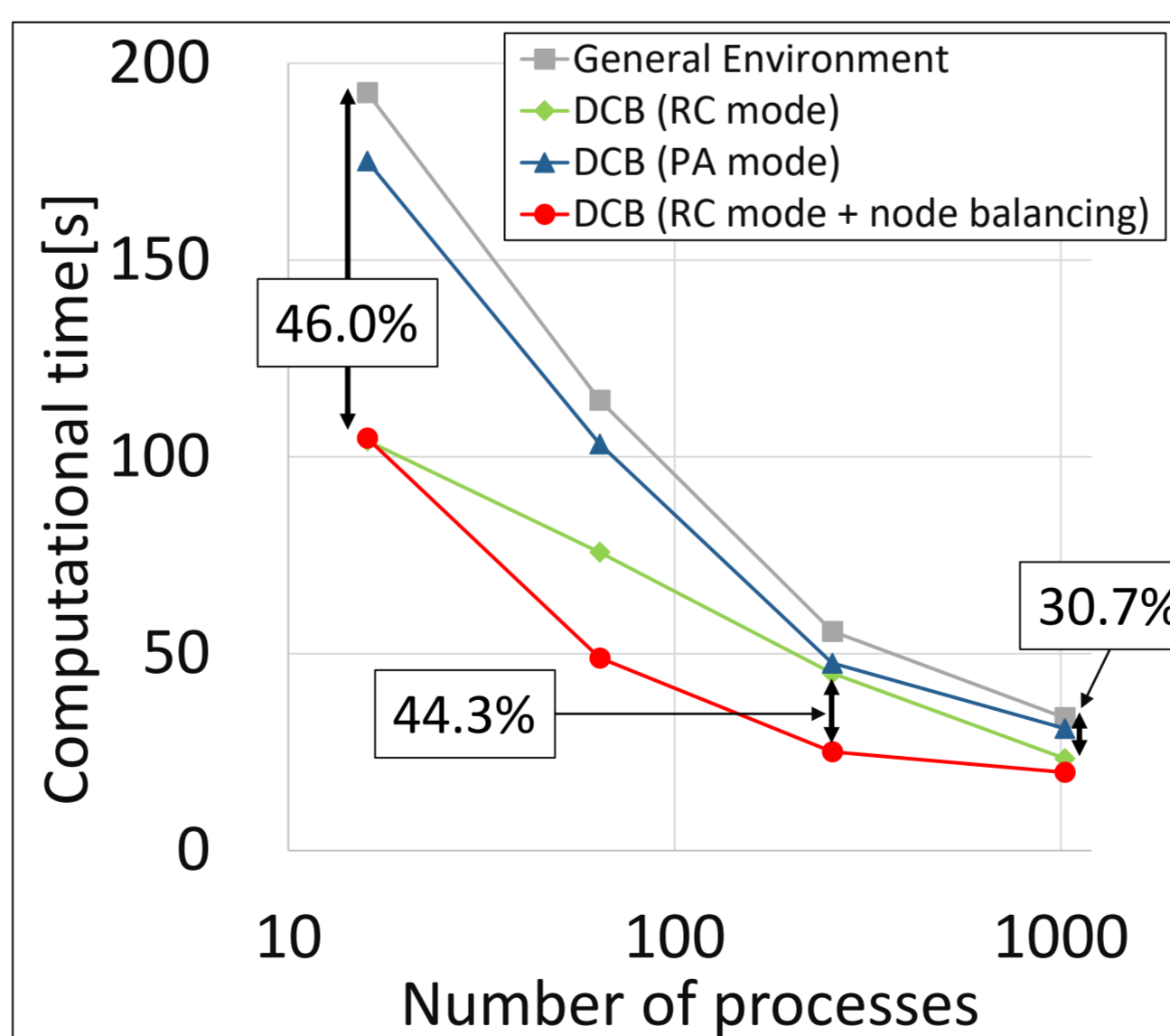
Result of numerical evaluations

Applying the DCB library to a lattice \mathcal{H} -matrix*2, which is optimized communication from the original. We use the Oakbridge-CX supercomputer for numerical evaluation.

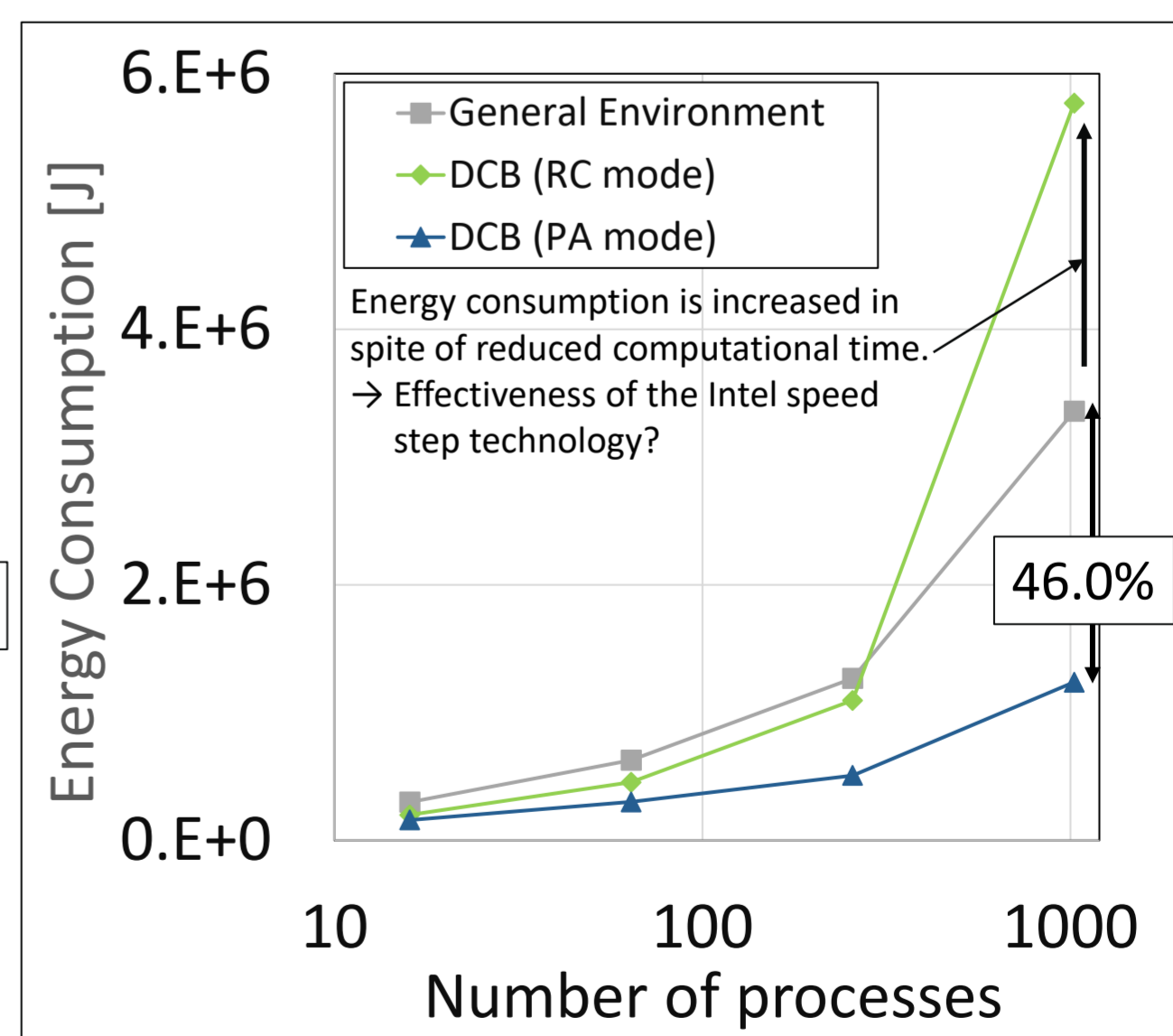
It evaluates the performance of 50 times multiplications of the lattice \mathcal{H} -matrix and vector .



Load imbalance among nodes



Effectiveness on computational time



Effectiveness on energy consumption

*1 A. Ida "Lattice H-matrices on distributed-memory systems." 2018 IEEE International Parallel and Distributed Processing Symposium (IPDPS). IEEE, 2018

*2 M. Kawai, A. Ida, T. Hanawa and K. Nakajima "Dynamic Core Binding for Load Balancing of Applications Parallelized with MPI/OpenMP." ICCS 2023. Springer